

**Listing of Claims:**

Please **amend** the claims as follows:

1. (Currently amended) A method of forming a metal pattern, the method comprising:
  - forming an organometallic layer by coating a photosensitive organometallic complex;
  - exposing the organometallic layer to light through a photo mask; and
  - forming a metal pattern by developing the organometallic layer, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes one of Ag or Al.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the development of the organometallic layer is made by way of an organic solvent.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the light-blocking pattern of the photo mask is positioned at the area external to the area to be provided with the metal pattern.
4. (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a thin film transistor array panel, the method comprising:
  - forming a gate wire on an insulating substrate, the gate wire including a gate line, a gate electrode and a gate pad;
  - sequentially depositing a gate insulating layer, an amorphous silicon layer and an ohmic contact layer on the gate wire;
  - patternning the ohmic contact layer and the amorphous silicon layer by photolithography;
  - forming a data wire on the ohmic contact layer, the data wire including source and drain electrodes, a data line and a data pad;
  - forming a protective layer on the data wire, the protective layer having a first contact hole exposing the drain electrode, a second contact hole exposing the gate pad and a third contact hole exposing the data pad; and

forming a pixel electrode, a subsidiary gate pad and a subsidiary data pad on the protective layer, the pixel electrode being connected to the drain electrode through the first contact hole, the subsidiary gate pad being connected to the gate pad through the second contact hole, the subsidiary data pad being connected to the data pad through the third contact hole;

wherein at least one of the formations of the gate wire, the data wire and the pixel electrode comprises:

forming an organometallic layer by coating a photosensistive organometallic complex;

placing a photo mask over the organometallic layer such that a predetermined region of the organometallic layer is exposed;

exposing the organometallic layer to light through a photo mask; and

developing the organometallic layer, wherein the photosensistive organometallic complex includes one of Ag or Al.

5. (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a thin film transistor array panel, the method comprising the steps of:

forming a gate wire on an insulating substrate, the gate wire having gate lines, gate electrodes and gate pads;

sequentially depositing a gate insulating layer, an amorphous silicon layer, an ohmic contact layer and a metallic layer on the gate wire;

patternning the metallic layer, the ohmic contact layer and the amorphous silicon layer by photolithography to form a data wire and channel portions, the data wire having source and drain electrodes, data lines and data pads, the channel portions being placed between the source and drain electrodes;

forming a protective layer on the data wire, the protective layer having first to third contact holes; and

forming a pixel electrode, a subsidiary gate pad and a subsidiary data pad on the protective layer, the pixel electrode being connected to the drain electrode through the first contact hole, the subsidiary gate pad being connected to the gate pad through the second contact hole, the subsidiary data pad being connected to the data pad through the third contact hole;

wherein at least one of the steps of forming the gate wire, the data wire and the pixel electrode comprises the sub-steps of:

forming an organometallic layer by coating a photosensitive organometallic complex;

placing a photo mask over the organometallic layer such that a predetermined region of the organometallic layer is exposed to the outside;

exposing the organometallic layer to light by the photo mask; and

developing the organometallic layer, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes one of an Ag transition compound including Ag and an ultraviolet sensitive organic ligand or an Al transition compound including Al and an ultraviolet sensitive organic ligand.

6. (Original) The method of claim 4 or 5 wherein the development of the organometallic layer is made by way of an organic solvent.

7. (Original) The method of claim 4 or 5 wherein the light-blocking pattern of the photo mask is positioned at the area external to the area to be made of the signal wire or the pixel electrode.

8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 4 or 5 wherein the photosensistive organometallic complex includes metal is Ag.

9. (Original) The method of claim 4 or 5 wherein the protective layer has a surface with prominent and depressed portions.

10. (Currently amended) A thin film transistor array panel comprising:

an insulating substrate;

a gate wire formed on the insulating substrate;

a gate insulating layer formed on the gate wire;

a semiconductor layer formed on the gate insulating layer;

a data wire formed on the semiconductor layer and the gate insulating layer;

a protective layer formed on the data wire; and

a pixel electrode formed on the protective layer;

wherein at least one of the gate wire, the data wire and the pixel electrode is formed by way of a metal pattern formation process comprising the steps of:

forming an organometallic layer by coating a photosensitive organometallic complex;  
placing a photo mask over the organometallic layer such that a predetermined region of the organometallic layer is exposed to the outside;  
exposing the organometallic layer to light through the photo mask; and  
developing the organometallic layer, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes one of an Ag transition compound including Ag and an ultraviolet sensitive organic ligand or an Al transition compound including Al and an ultraviolet sensitive organic ligand.

11. (Original) The thin film transistor array panel of claim 10 wherein the semiconductor layer comprises an amorphous silicon layer and an ohmic contact layer, the ohmic contact layer has the same plane pattern as the data wire, and the amorphous silicon layer has the same plane pattern as the ohmic contact layer at the non-channel area.

12. (Currently amended) A thin film transistor array panel comprising:  
an insulating substrate;  
a gate wire formed on the insulating substrate;  
a gate insulating layer formed on the gate wire;  
a data wire formed on the gate insulating layer with a triple-layered structure of an amorphous silicon layer, an ohmic contact layer and a metallic layer;  
a protective layer formed on the data wire; and  
a pixel electrode formed on the protective layer;  
wherein at least one of the gate wire, the data wire and the pixel electrode is formed by way of a metal pattern formation process comprising the steps of:

forming an organometallic layer by coating a photosensitive organometallic complex;  
placing a photo mask over the organometallic layer such that a predetermined region of the organometallic layer is exposed to the outside;  
exposing the organometallic layer to light through the photo mask; and  
developing the organometallic layer, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes one of Ag or Al.

13. (Original) The thin film transistor array panel of claim 12 wherein the data wire has data lines, source electrodes connected to the data lines and drain electrodes facing the source electrodes, and a channel portion is formed between the source and drain electrodes only with an amorphous silicon layer.

Please **add** the following new claims:

14. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes Ag.

15. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes Al.

16. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes Al.

17. (New) The method of claim 5, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes the Ag transition compound including Ag and the ultraviolet sensitive organic ligand.

18. (New) The method of claim 5, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes the Al transition compound including Al and the ultraviolet sensitive organic ligand.

19. (New) The thin film transistor array panel of claim 10, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes the Ag transition compound including Ag and the ultraviolet sensitive organic ligand.

20. (New) The thin film transistor array panel of claim 10, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes the Al transition compound including Al and the ultraviolet sensitive organic ligand.

21. (New) The thin film transistor array panel of claim 12, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes Ag.

22. (New) The thin film transistor array panel of claim 12, wherein the photosensitive organometallic complex includes Al.